

Asian Citrus Psyllid & Huanglongbing

Sandra Zwaal
ACP/HLB Grower Liaison



Topics

- 1. Asian citrus psyllid (ACP) pest
- 2. Huanglongbing (HLB) disease
- 3. Issue
- 4. Spread of ACP/HLB
- 5. Best Practices



The Issue

The ACP pest transmits the bacteria that causes the HLB disease.



HLB kills citrus trees. No cure for HLB!

California is a fresh fruit state.



How HLB Is Spread







ACP

- Transmits CLas bacteria during feeding & carries it in its body for life.
- ACP flies from tree to tree.

Artificially moved via transportation

Grafting

Use certified budwood



Pest

Asian Citrus Psyllid (ACP)



ACP - the Pest



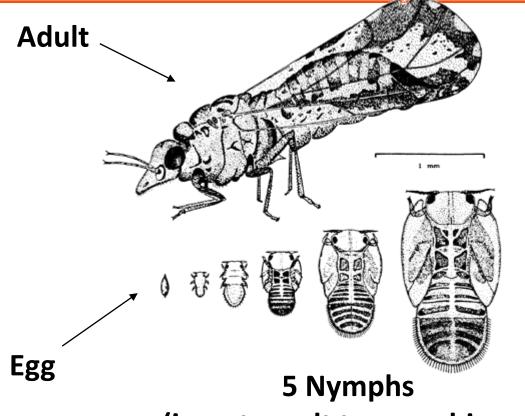


A small insect, about the size of an aphid



ACP Lifestages

The lifecycle takes about 4 weeks to complete



(insects molt to grow bigger)

Egg, 5 wingless nymph stages, and a winged adult.



Egg Stage



Juvenile/Nymph Stage



Nymphs feed on young, tender leaves and stems.



Nymphs produce waxy tubules that direct honeydew away from their bodies.



Adult Stage





When feeding, the adult leans forward on its elbows and tips its rear end up in a very characteristic 45° angle.



ACP Signs





Injects a salivary toxin when feeding, causing tips of new leaves to breakoff.

Twisted, notched leaves can be a sign that ACP has been there.



Host Plants

All citrus and related plants in the Rutaceae family

- · Citrus (limes, lemons, oranges, grapefruit, mandarins...)
- Fortunella (kumquats)
- Citropsis (cherry orange)
- Murraya paniculata (orange jasmine)
- Bergera koenigii (Indian curry leaf)
- Severinia buxifolia (Chinese box orange)
- Triphasia trifolia (limeberry)
- Clausena indica (wampei)
- Microcitrus papuana (desert-lime)
- Others.....

Calamondin





Natural Enemies Biocontrol – Tamarixia radiata



Tamarixia radiata

Parasitic wasp specific to ACP.

Lays egg inside ACP nymph.

Emerges from an ACP nymph & leaves an exit hole.



Control Ants!

Ants protect ACP by feeding on honeydew and prevent biocontrol.



Citrus Pest & Disease Prevention Program

Disease

Huanglongbing (HLB)



HLB Signs - Tree



CLas blocks phloem/nutrient flow.

Tree stops bearing fruit & dies in as little as 5 years.

Huanglongbing means 'yellow shoot disease' in Chinese.



HLB Signs - Leaves







Citrus Pest & Disease Prevention Program

HLB Signs - Fruit







- HLB prevents fruit from developing properly.
- Lower half is green (why it is called Citrus Greening).
- Small fruit, crooked midrib, aborted seeds.
- Bad/bitter tasting fruit



How HLB Is Found

CDFA Surveys/Sampling

- Routine Risk-Based Surveys
- Delimitation Surveys
- Plant & ACP Samples are tested
- Confirmed via PCR testing



A Pest Hotline: 1-800-491-1899







HLB Regulatory Actions

- HLB Positive Tree Removal
- Survey Properties (250-meters)
- Public Meeting for residential citrus
- Mandatory citrus treatments (250-meters)
- HLB Quarantine (5-mile)
 - Restrict citrus movement
 - Destroy or enclose nursery citrus

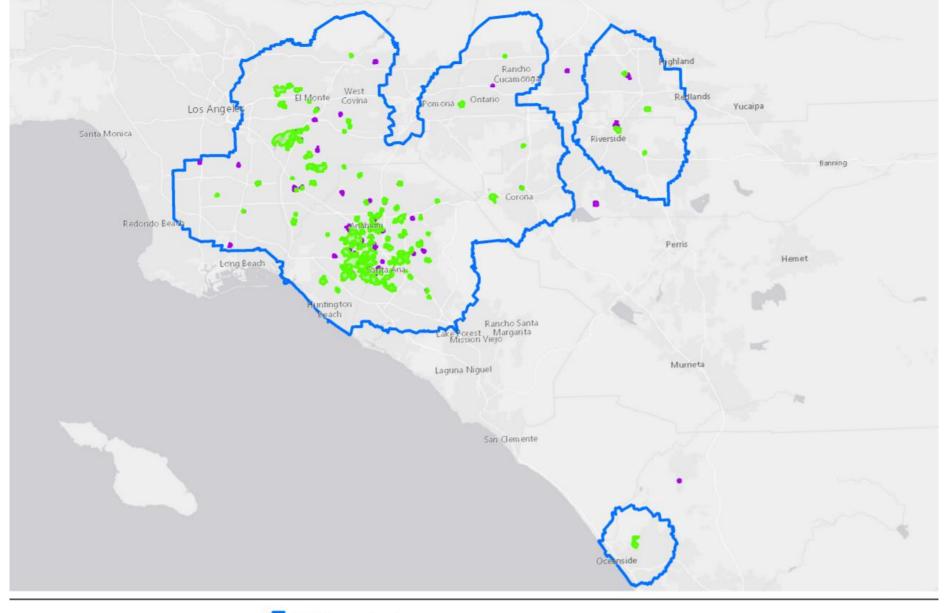


HLB Positive Samples

As of 10/29/2021

| Region | # of Sites | # of Trees | # <u>of</u> ACP Samples |
|--------------------|------------|------------|----------------------------|
| Los Angeles Co. | 457 | 555 | 92 |
| Orange Co. | 1,330 | 1,943 | 239 |
| Riverside Co. | 45 | 49 | 14 |
| San Bernardino Co. | 23 | 29 | 15 |
| San Diego Co. | 6 | 9 | 5 |
| Fallbrook | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Oceanside | 5 | 9 | 4 |
| Grand Total | 1,861 | 2,585 | 365 |





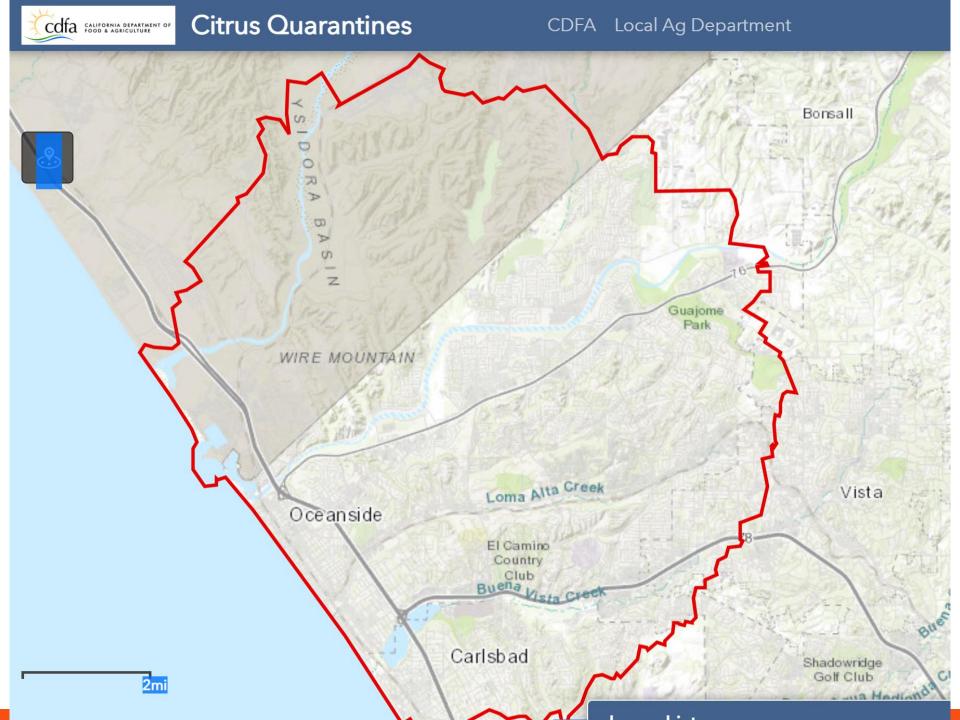
HLB Quarantine and Treatment Area 9/17/2021

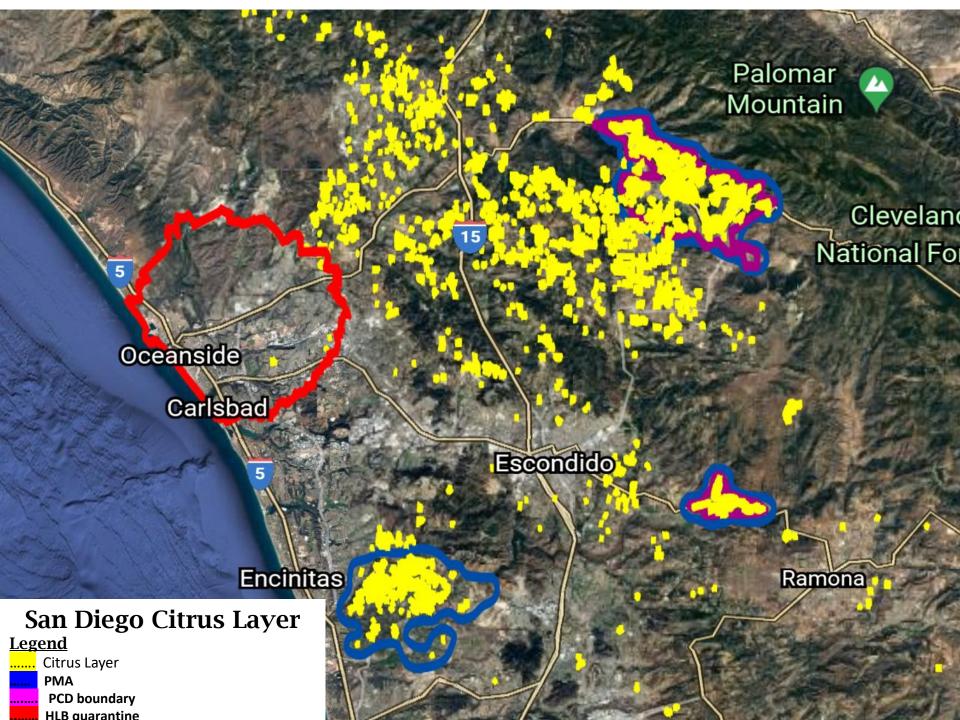












Best Practices

- Manage your citrus https://ucanr.edu/acp
 - Learn to recognize ACP and HLB
 - Regularly inspect your citrus trees



- Control ACP by follow ACP area wide treatment protocols!
- Control Ants!

- Know where the HLB quarantines are
 - www.CitrusInsider.org/maps-and-quarantines
 - https://gis2.cdfa.ca.gov/Plant/CitrusQuarantines/

Best Practices

Keep citrus local

- Buy citrus plants from reputable nurseries
- Don't move citrus trees out of an HLB quarantine

Properly remove green waste

- Dry out for 2 weeks before disposing OR
- Double bag OR
- Chip and shred
- Remove uncared/unloved citrus trees



Area-Wide Treatments

- IPM strategy for effectively suppressing or eradicating single pest populations in a geographical area or zone.
- Greater pest suppression achieved as area-wide vs. individual orchard treatment (sum is greater than its parts).
- Coordinated treatments
 - ACP treatments applied to all citrus at the same time
 - 2-3 week treatment windows
 - Treat when most effective (3x a year)



Commercial ACP Area-Wide Treatments

San Diego Citrus Pest Control District

- Pauma, San Pasqual, Borrego
- Fall, Winter, Summer (except Borrego)
- 2-3 week treatment windows using materials recommended by UC and local pest control advisors.

Psyllid Management Areas (PMAs)

- Rancho Santa Fe
- Fall, Winter, Summer
- 2-3 week treatment windows using recommended materials from UC and local pest control advisors.

Non-PMA Areas

- Fall, Winter, Summer
- 2-3 week treatment windows using recommended materials from UC and local pest control advisors Prevention Pro

Residential ACP Area Wide Treatments

Residential ACP Treatment Zone

250-meters from a commercial citrus orchard.

Qualifying for Residential Citrus Treatments

- Fall and Winter commercial (25+ trees) ACP
 treatments in a psyllid management area (PMA) must reach 90% or more.
- 2 out of 3 PMA treatments must reach 90% or more treated.
- No cost to residential citrus (less than 25 trees)

Citrus Pest & Disease Prevention Program

ACP/HLB Resources & Info

Commercial Citrus Website – <u>www.CitrusInsider.org</u>

Residential Citrus Website - www.cacitrusthreat.org

CDFA website - www.cdfa.ca.gov/citrus

University of California - https://ucanr.edu/ACP



Thank You!

ACP/HLB Grower Liaison

San Diego, Ventura, & San BernardinoCo.

Sandra Zwaal

szwaal2@gmail.com

(949) 636-7089

